CSN = Compu	iting Systems and Networks	CM – Creating Media	D&I =	Data and Information	P = Programm	ning		
	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2		
EYFS	Role play - control	lpad skills	sound	BeeBots	Mouse skills			
Ongoing	Continuous Provision – available throughout the day for both focussed and independent learning –IPads for recording learning.							
Resources	A range of technology will be explored continuously throughout the year for the children to access, both independently and with an adult IPads – apps and							
	games linked to the topic of	or maths/literacy being cov	vered each week.					
	Remote control toys – cars	S.						
	Battery operated toys							
	Beebots							
	UD players							
	Talking tins and pegs	Thomes Tray / Top marks	/ Coogle Lattir/ Digi map	, 610.				
Possible	Play on a touch screen ga	me and use computers/ke	vboards/mouse in role pla	V				
Learning	Type letters with increasin	g confidence using a keyb	oard and tablet.	,				
Loannig	Dictate short, clear senten	ces into a digital device.						
	Sort physical objects, take	a picture and discuss what	at they have done.					
	Record voice over a pictur	e.						
	Move and resize images w	vith my fingers or mouse.						
	Know the difference betwe	en a photo and video.						
	Record a short video using	g the IPad						
	Watch their recording back	K						
	Take a photograph		ah taala					
	Explore a painting app and	a explore the paint and bru	ISN TOOIS					
	Scan a QK code.							

CSN = C	omputing Systems and Netwo	CM – Creating Media	D&I =	Data and Information	P = Programming	
Y1	Technology Around us – Using Desktop and Laptop Computers (CSN)	Digital Painting (CM1)	Digital Writing – Word Processing (CM2)	Grouping Data (D&I)	Moving a Robot (P1)	Programming Animations (P2)
	https://teachcomputing.or g/curriculum/key-stage- 1/computing-systems- and-networks- technology-around-us Laptops Desktop PCs iPads https://paintz.app/	https://teachcomputing.or g/curriculum/key-stage- 1/creating-media-digital- painting paintz.app	https://teachcomputing.or g/curriculum/key-stage- 1/creating-media-digital- writing MS Word	https://teachcomputing.or g/curriculum/key-stage- 1/data-and-information- grouping-data https://www.j2e.com/j2dat a/	https://teachcomputing.or g/curriculum/key-stage- 1/programming-a- moving-a-robot BeeBots BlueBots	https://teachcomputing.or g/curriculum/key-stage- 1/programming-b- introduction-to-animation Scratch Jnr App on Ipads or Scratch Jr on PCs
Key Objectives	 To identify technology To identify a computer and its main parts To use a mouse in different ways To use a keyboard to type on a computer To use the keyboard to edit text To create rules for using technology responsibly 	 To describe what different freehand tools do To use the shape tool and the line tools To make careful choices when painting a digital picture To explain why I chose the tools I used To use a computer on my own to paint a picture To compare painting a picture on a computer and on paper 	 To use a computer to write To add and remove text on a computer To identify that the look of text can be changed on a computer To make careful choices when changing text To explain why I used the tools that I chose To compare typing on a computer to writing on paper 	 To label objects To identify that objects can be counted To describe objects in different ways To count objects with the same properties To compare groups of objects To answer questions about groups of objects 	 To explain what a given command will do To act out a given word To combine forwards and backwards commands to make a sequence To combine four direction commands to make sequences To plan a simple program To find more than one solution to a problem 	 To choose a command for a given purpose To show that a series of commands can be joined together To identify the effect of changing a value To explain that each sprite has its own instructions To design the parts of a project To use my algorithm to create a program
Vocabulary	Technology, computer, mouse, trackpad, keyboard, screen, click, drag, input device, shift, spacebar, capital letter, full stop, safely, responsibly	Paint program, tool, paintbrush, erase, fill, undo, Piet Mondrian, primary colours, shape tools, line tool, fill tool, undo tool, Henri Matisse, Wassily Kandinsky, feelings, colour, brush style, George Seurat, Pointillism, prefer, dislike, like	Word processor Keys, Space Backspace Caps Lock Bold, Italic Underline Double click Font Undo, toolbar	Object, label, group, search, image, colour, shape, property, value, data set, less, most, fewest, the same	Forwards, backwards, turn, clear, go, commands, instructions, directions, left, right, plan, algorithm, route, program	ScratchJr, Bee-Bot, command, sprite, compare, programming, programming area, block, joining, start, program, background, delete, reset, algorithm, predict, effect, change, value, block, instructions, appropriate, design

CSN = C	omputing Systems and Netwo	CM – Creating Media	D&I	= Data and Information	P = Programming	
Y2	Digital Photography (CM1)	Robot Algorithms (P1)	Information Tech Around us (CSN)	Pictograms (D&I)	Programming Quizzes (P2)	Digital Music (CM2)
Resources	https://teachcomputing.or g/curriculum/key-stage- 1/creating-media-digital- photography Ipads	https://teachcomputing.or g/curriculum/key-stage- 1/programming-a-robot- algorithms BeeBots BlueBets	https://teachcomputing.or g/curriculum/key-stage- 1/computing-systems- and-networks-it-around- us	https://teachcomputing.or g/curriculum/key-stage- 1/data-and-information- pictograms https://www.j2e.com/j2dat	https://teachcomputing.or g/curriculum/key-stage- 1/programming-b-an- introduction-to-quizzes Scratch Junior on ipads	https://teachcomputing.o g/curriculum/key-stage- 1/creating-media-making music Garageband
Key Objectives	 -To use a digital device to take a photograph -To make choices when taking a photograph -To describe what makes a good photograph -To decide how photographs can be improved -To use tools to change an image -To recognise that photos can be changed 	-To describe a series of instructions as a sequence -To explain what happens when we change the order of instructions -To use logical reasoning to predict the outcome of a program -To explain that programming projects can have code and artwork -To design an algorithm -To create and debug a program that I have written	 -To recognise the uses and features of information technology -To identify the uses of information technology in the school -To identify information technology beyond school -To explain how information technology helps us -To explain how to use information technology safely -To recognise that choices are made when using information technology 	 -To recognise that we can count and compare objects using tally charts -To recognise that objects can be represented as pictures -To create a pictogram -To select objects by attribute and make comparisons -To recognise that people can be described by attributes -To explain that we can present information using a computer 	 -To explain that a sequence of commands has a start -To explain that a sequence of commands has an outcome -To create a program using a given design -To change a given design -To create a program using my own design -To decide how my project can be improved 	-To say how music can make us feel -To identify that there are patterns in music -To experiment with sound using a computer -To use a computer to create a musical pattern -To create music for a purpose -To review and refine our computer work
Vocabulary	Capture Digital photograph Portrait, Landscape, Format, Photography composition Retake, Artificial light Natural light Camera focus Effects, Edit, Adjust	Outcome Algorithm Execute (run)	Information technology Device Examples of IT- Barcode scanner, printer, tablet, chip and pin machine, card reader	Pictogram Tally Count Compare Attributes Block diagram	Green flag (Within scratch Jr.) Background Modify Debug	Rhythm Rhythm pattern Pitch Musical pattern Sequence of notes

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Y3	Desktop Publishing Word (CM2)	Connecting Computers	Branching Databases (DI)	Stop-Motion Animation	Sequences (P1)	Events and Actions in Programmes (P2)
		(CSN)		(CM1)		
Resources	https://teachcomputing.	https://teachcomputing.	https://teachcomputing.	https://teachcomputing.	https://teachcomputing.	https://teachcomputing.
	org/curriculum/key-	org/curriculum/key-	org/curriculum/key-	org/curriculum/key-	org/curriculum/key-	org/curriculum/key-
	stage-2/creating-media-	stage-2/computing-	stage-2/data-and-	stage-2/creating-media-	stage-2/programming-a-	stage-2/programming-b-
	desktop-publishing	systems-and-networks-	information-branching-	animation	sequence-in-music	events-and-actions
		connecting-computers	databases			
	MS Word		J2Data Branch and	iMotion app	Scratch	Scratch
	Canva.com	Any Painting Program	Pictogram	GreenScreen app		
Кеу	I o recognise how text	I o explain how digital	I o create questions with	I o explain that	I o explore a new	I o explain how a sprite
Objectives	and images convey	devices function	yes/no answers	animation is a sequence	programming	moves in an existing
	Information	To identify input and	I O Identify the object	of drawings or	environment	project
	To recognise that text		attributes needed to	photographs	I can identify that each	To create a program to
	and layout can be	To recognise now digital	To croate a branching	To relate animated	sprite is controlled by	directione
	edited	devices can change the	To create a branching	movement with a	Te explain that a	directions
	To choose appropriate	To oxplain how a	To identify objects using	To plan an animation	no explain that a	now context
	To add content to a	computer network can	a branching database	To plan an animation	To recognise that a	To develop my program
	desktop publishing	be used to share	To explain why it is	work consistently and	sequence of commands	by adding features
	publication	information	helpful for a database to	carefully	can have an order	To identify and fix bugs
	To consider how	To explore how digital	be well structured	To review and improve	To change the	in a program
	different layouts can suit	devices can be	To compare the	an animation	appearance of my	To design and create a
	different purposes	connected	information shown in a	To evaluate the impact	project	maze-based challenge
	To consider the benefits	To recognise the	pictogram with a	of adding other media to	To create a project from	mazo bacca challenge
	of desktop publishing	physical components of	branching database	an animation	a task description	
		a network				
Vocabular	Adobe spart	Input	Tree structure	Animation	Scratch	Event
у	Text	Process	Branching database	Frame	Backdrop	Action
-	Image	Output		Stop-frame animation	Code	Code
	Desktop publishing	Network		Story board	Motion block	Programming extension
	Shift	Server		Onion skinning	Motion	Pen down block
	Template	Wireless Access Point			Stage	Buas
	Page orientation	Network switch				Debugging
	Place holder					Outcome
	Layout					Pen trail
						Set up block

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Y4	Photo Editing (CM2)	Audio Production Podcasting (CM1)	Data Logging (D&I)	Logo – Repetition in Shapes - Loops (P1)	The Internet Networks (CSN)	Repetition in Games (P2)
Resources	https://teachcomputing. org/curriculum/key- stage-2/creating-media- photo-editing paint.net (windows)	https://teachcomputing. org/curriculum/key- stage-2/creating-media- audio-editing Garageband iMovie Audacity	https://teachcomputing. org/curriculum/key- stage-2/data-and- information-data-logging Dataloggers (in Science resources)	https://teachcomputing. org/curriculum/key- stage-2/programming-a- repetition-in-shapes FMSLogo	https://teachcomputing. org/curriculum/key- stage-2/computing- systems-and-networks- the-internet Web access	https://teachcomputing. org/curriculum/key- stage-2/programming-b- repetition-in-games Scratch
Key Objectives	To explain that digital images can be changed To change the composition of an image To describe how images can be changed for different uses To make good choices when selecting different tools To recognise that not all images are real To evaluate how changes can improve an image	To identify that sound can be digitally recorded: To use a digital device to record sound: To explain that a digital recording is stored as a file: To explain that audio can be changed through editing: To show that different types of audio can be combined and played together: To evaluate editing choices made:	To explain that data gathered over time can be used to answer questions To use a digital device to collect data automatically To explain that a data logger collects 'data points' from sensors over time To use data collected over a long duration to find information To identify the data needed to answer questions To use collected data to answer questions	To identify that accuracy in programming is important To create a program in a text-based language To explain what 'repeat' means To modify a count- controlled loop to produce a given outcome To decompose a program into parts To create a program that uses count- controlled loops to produce a given outcome	To describe how networks physically connect to other networks To recognise how networked devices make up the internet To outline how websites can be shared via the World Wide Web To describe how content can be added and accessed on the World Wide Web To recognise how the content of the WWW is created by people To evaluate the consequences of unreliable content	To develop the use of count-controlled loops in a different programming environment To explain that in programming there are infinite loops and count controlled loops To develop a design which includes two or more loops which run at the same time To modify an infinite loop in a given program To design a project that includes repetition To create a project that includes repetition
Vocabulary	Rotate Crop Filter Colour effect Cloning Photo retouch Duplicate Combined image	Input device Output device Microphone Copyright Recording Podcast Soundwave view 'Trim' recording Import Align Layers (in recording)	Data logger Data set Data collection Sensors Data points Data file Logged data	Logo (website used) Logo command Code snippet Repeat Loop Count controlled loop Decompose/ decomposition Procedures	Router World Wide Web Online content	Count-controlled loop Loop Snippet of code Infinite loop Event block Code blocks

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	Sound effect		
	Background music		
	Audio file		

Y5	Flat-file Databases	Systems and	Selection in	3D Modelling –	Video Production	Selection in
		Searching –	Computing	(CM2)	– viogs – ilviovie (CM1)	(P2)
		Information	(P1)			(" -)
		(CSN)	(,			
Resources	https://teachcomputing.org/	https://teachcomputing.	https://teachcomputing.	https://teachcomputing.	https://teachcomputing.	https://teachcomputing.
	curriculum/key-stage-	org/curriculum/key-	org/curriculum/key-	org/curriculum/key-	org/curriculum/key-	org/curriculum/key-
	2/data-and-information-flat-	stage-2/computing-	stage-2/programming-a-	stage-2/creating-media-	stage-2/creating-media-	stage-2/programming-b-
	<u>file-databases</u>	systems-and-networks-	selection-in-physical-	vector-drawing	<u>video-editing</u>	selection-in-quizzes
		sharing-information	computing			
	j2data databases	Search engines	• • • • •	https://vectr.com/design/	iMovie	Scratch
	https://www.j2e.com/datab	Youtube links	Microbits		MS Photos	
Kay	ase	-		-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Objectives	I o use a form to record	I o explain that	I o control a simple	I o identify that drawing	l o recognise video as	I o explain how
-		computers can be	circuit connected to a	tools can be used to	moving pictures, which	selection is used in
	To compare paper and	connected together to	computer	produce different	can include audio	computer programs
	Computer-based databases	To recombine the role of	To write a program that		To identify digital	To relate that a
	To outline now grouping	To recognise the role of	includes count-	To create a vector	devices that can record	conditional statement
	and then sorting data		To explain that a loop		To conturo video uning	
			ro explain that a loop	To use tools to achieve	a digital dovice	
	To ovplain that tools can be	information is	condition is mot or	a desired offect	To recognize the	soloction directs the
	used to select specific data	transferred over the	number of times	To recognise that vector	features of an effective	flow of a program
	To explain that computer	internet	To conclude that a loop	drawings consist of	video	To design a program
	programs can be used to	To explain how sharing	can be used to	lavers	To identify that video	which uses selection
	compare data visually	information online lets	repeatedly check	To group objects to	can be improved	To create a program
	To apply my knowledge of	people in different	whether a condition has	make them easier to	through responding and	which uses selection
	a database to ask and	places work together	been met	work with	editing	To evaluate my program
	answer real-world	To contribute to a	To design a physical	To evaluate my vector	To consider the impact	
	questions	shared project online	project that includes	drawing	of the choices made	
	• • •	To evaluate different	selection	5	when making and	
		ways of working	To create a controllable		sharing a video	
		together online	system that includes		5	
		-	selection			
Vocabulary	Database, data,	Digital system	Microcontroller, crumble	Vector, drawing tools,	Video, audio, recording,	Selection, condition,

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information, record, field, sort, order, group, search, criteria, value, graph, char axis, compare, filter, presentation System, connection, digital, input, process, output, protocol, address, packet, chat, explore, slide deck, reuse, remix, collaboration	Physical connection Electronic connection Computer system Search engine Rank Web search Web crawler Seach engine index Content creator	controller, components, LED, Sparkle, crocodile clips, connect, battery box, program, repetition, infinite loop, count- controlled loop, condition, true, false, input, action, selection, motor, switch, algorithm, debug, evaluate	shapes, object, icons, toolbar, move, resize, colour, rotate, duplicate/copy, zoom, select, alignment grid, handles, consistency, modify, layers, front, back, copy, paste, group, ungroup, reuse, improvement, evaluate, alternatives	storyboard, script, soundtrack, dialogue, capture, zoom, storage, digital, tape, AV (audiovisual), videographer, video techniques, zoom, pan, tilt, angle, YouTuber, content, camera, colour, export, trim/clip, titles, end credits, timeline, transitions, soundtrack, retake/reshoot, special effects, constructive feedback	true, false, count- controlled loop, outcomes, conditional statement – the linking together of a condition and outcomes, algorithm, program, debug, implement, question, answer, task, input, outcomes, test, run, setup, share, evaluate, constructive

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Y6	3D Modelling - Vector Graphics (CM2)	Spreadsheets - Intro to (D&I)	Webpage Creation (CM1)	Programming 1 Variables in Games (P1)	Communication and Collaboration Data Transfer (CSN)	Sensing Movement (P2)
Resources	https://teachcomputing. org/curriculum/key- stage-2/creating-media- 3d-modelling Tinkercad online	https://teachcomputing. org/curriculum/key- stage-2/data-and- information- spreadsheets Excel	https://teachcomputing. org/curriculum/key- stage-2/creating-media- web-page-creation Canva Sway	https://teachcomputing. org/curriculum/key- stage-2/programming-a- variables-in-games Scratch Online	https://teachcomputing. org/curriculum/key- stage-2/computing- systems-and-networks- communication Google Kiddle Kidsafe	https://teachcomputing. org/curriculum/key- stage-2/programming-b- sensing Microbits
Key Objectives	To use a computer to create and manipulate three-dimensional (3D) digital objects To compare working digitally with 2D and 3D graphics To construct a digital 3D model of a physical object To identify that physical objects can be broken down into a collection of 3D shapes To design a digital model by combining 3D objects To develop and improve a digital 3D model	To identify questions which can be answered using data To explain that objects can be described using data To explain that formula can be used to produce calculated data To apply formulas to data, including duplicating To create a spreadsheet to plan an event To choose suitable ways to present data	To review an existing website and consider its structure To plan the features of a web page To consider the ownership and use of images (copyright) To recognise the need to preview pages To outline the need for a navigation path To recognise the implications of linking to content owned by other people	To define a 'variable' as something that is changeable To explain why a variable is used in a program To choose how to improve a game by using variables To design a project that builds on a given example To use my design to create a project To evaluate my project	To identify how to use a search engine To describe how search engines select results To explain how search results are ranked To recognise why the order of results is important, and to whom To recognise how we communicate using technology To evaluate different methods of online communication	To create a program to run on a controllable device To explain that selection can control the flow of a program To update a variable with a user input To use an conditional statement to compare a variable to a value To design a project that uses inputs and outputs on a controllable device To develop a program to use inputs and outputs on a controllable device
Vocabulary	3D model Three dimensions Lift Lower Workplane Recolour Placeholders	Data input Spreadsheet Cell Cell format Produce calculated data Formula Cell references	HTML code Web layout Copyright Copyright-free Fair use Navigation path Hyperlink	Variable Program variable Value	Web address IP address Domain Name Server (DNS) Data packet Header Data payload Copyright Internet communication Internet collaboration	Micro:bit Input, process, output device Emulator Controllable device Selection Accelerometer

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	Duplicate	User experience	Security Privacy	Operand